



ಶುಲ್ಕ ನಿಯಂತ್ರಣ ಸಮಿತಿ  
FEE REGULATORY COMMITTEE

ಕೆ.ಇ.ಎ. ಕಟ್ಟಡ, 2ನೇ ಮಹಡಿ, 18ನೇ ಅಡ್ಡರಸ್ತೆ, ಸಂಪಿಗೆ ರಸ್ತೆ, ಮಲ್ಲೇಶ್ವರಂ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು-560 012.  
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**NOTICE**

ಈ ಹಿಂದೆ ಕೆಲವು ವೃತ್ತಿಪರ ಡಿಪ್ಲೊಮಾ, ಸ್ನಾತಕ, ಸ್ನಾತಕೋತ್ತರ ಕೋರ್ಸುಗಳು ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ವೃತ್ತಿಪರ ಶೈಕ್ಷಣಿಕ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳ (ಪ್ರವೇಶ ನಿಯಂತ್ರಣ ಮತ್ತು ಶುಲ್ಕ ನಿರ್ಧಾರ) ಅಧಿನಿಯಮ, 2006 (ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಅಧಿನಿಯಮ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ 8, 2006) ಸೆಕ್ಷನ್ 2(1)(ಪಿ)ರ ಅಡಿಯಲ್ಲಿ, ವೃತ್ತಿಪರ ಕೋರ್ಸುಗಳೆಂದು ನಮೂದಾಗಿರಲಿಲ್ಲ. ಆದಾಗ್ಯೂ ಸದರಿ ಕೋರ್ಸುಗಳಿಗೆ ವೃತ್ತಿಪರ ಶೈಕ್ಷಣಿಕ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸರ್ಕಾರ ಸೀಟುಗಳ ಹಂಚಿಕೆಯನ್ನು ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಪರೀಕ್ಷಾ ಪ್ರಾಧಿಕಾರದ ಮೂಲಕವೇ ಆಗುತ್ತಿದ್ದದ್ದು ಸರಿಯಷ್ಟೇ.

"ಶುಲ್ಕ ನಿಯಂತ್ರಣ ಸಮಿತಿಯು" ಮೇಲಿನ ಸಂಗತಿಯನ್ನು ಉನ್ನತ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಇಲಾಖೆಯ ಗಮನಕ್ಕೆ ತರಲಾಗಿ, ಉನ್ನತ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಇಲಾಖೆಯು ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ:ಇಡಿ 488 ಟಿಇಸಿ ೨೦೨೪, ದಿನಾಂಕ: 28.04.2026 ರಂದು ಅಧಿಸೂಚನೆ ಹೊರಡಿಸಿ, ಸೆಕ್ಷನ್ 2(1)(ಪಿ)ರ ಅಡಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಸದರಿ ಕೋರ್ಸುಗಳನ್ನು ಅಂದರೆ MBA & MCA, M.E & M.Tech, B.Pharma & Pharma D, all Farm Science Courses for UG degree, BVSc and AH, Postgraduate Medical and Dental Degree and Diploma Courses (PG-NEET), Postgraduate AYUSH (PG AYUSH), M.Pharma & Pharma D (Post Baccalaureate), BSc. Nursing, Bachelor of Physiotherapy, BPO Courses, Master of Physiotherapy, M.Sc. Nurisng, B.Sc Allied Health Sciences, PB.B.Sc (Nursing) and Allied Health Science, M.Sc (AHS) ವೃತ್ತಿಪರ ಕೋರ್ಸುಗಳೆಂದು ನಮೂದಿಸಿರುತ್ತದೆ.

ಆದಾಗಿ, ಸೆಕ್ಷನ್ 2(1)(ಪಿ)ರ ಅಡಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ನಮೂದಿಸಿರುವ ಹಾಗೂ ಮೇಲ್ಕಂಡ ಅಧಿಸೂಚನೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ವೃತ್ತಿಪರ ಕೋರ್ಸುಗಳೆಂದು ನಮೂದಿಸಿರುವ ಎಲ್ಲಾ ವೃತ್ತಿಪರ ಕೋರ್ಸುಗಳಿಗೆ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಪರೀಕ್ಷಾ ಪ್ರಾಧಿಕಾರದ ಮೂಲಕ ಹಂಚಿಕೆ ಆಗುವ ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಕೋಟಾ ಸೀಟುಗಳಿಗೆ ಸರ್ಕಾರ ನಿಗದಿಪಡಿಸಿರುವ ಬೋಧನಾ ಶುಲ್ಕ ಹಾಗೂ ಕಾನೂನು ಅಡಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ನಿಗದಿಪಡಿಸಿರುವ ಇನ್ನಿತರೇ ಶುಲ್ಕಗಳನ್ನು ಹೊರತು ಪಡಿಸಿ ಹೆಚ್ಚಿನ ಶುಲ್ಕಕ್ಕೆ ಬೇಡಿಕೆ ಇಟ್ಟ ಪಕ್ಷದಲ್ಲಿ ಅದರಿಂದ ನೊಂದ ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳು ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಪರೀಕ್ಷಾ ಪ್ರಾಧಿಕಾರ, ನೆಲಮಹಡಿ, ಮಲ್ಲೇಶ್ವರಂ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಇರುವ ಶುಲ್ಕ ನಿಯಂತ್ರಣ ಸಮಿತಿಯ ಮುಂದೆ ದೂರನ್ನು ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಬಹುದಾಗಿರುತ್ತದೆ.

(ನ್ಯಾಯಮೂರ್ತಿ ಬಿ. ಶ್ರೀನಿವಾಸೆ ಗೌಡ)

ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರು

ಶುಲ್ಕ ನಿಯಂತ್ರಣ ಸಮಿತಿ

Karnataka Act No. 8 of 2006  
**THE KARNATAKA PROFESSIONAL EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS (REGULATION OF  
ADMISSION AND DETERMINATION OF FEE) ACT, 2006**

**Arrangement Sections**

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

**Sections:**

1. Short title and commencement
2. Definitions
3. State Common Entrance Test Committee
4. Method of admission in unaided professional educational institutions
- 4A. Method of admission in case of consensual agreement
- 4B. Method of Admission in Deemed University Institutions
5. Admission Overseeing Committee
6. Fee Regulatory Committee
7. Factors for Determination of Fee
8. Eligibility
9. Allocation and reservation of seats
10. Invalidation of admissions made in violation of the Act
11. Fund of the State Common Entrance Test Committee
12. Grants by the State Government
13. Power to borrow
14. Accounts and audit
15. Budget of the Committee
16. Report
17. Protection of action taken in good faith
18. Power of State Government to issue directions
19. Penalties
20. Power to enter and inspect
21. Act to override other laws
22. Power to remove difficulties
23. Power to make rules
24. Transitory provisions

**STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS**

I

**Act 8 of 2006.-** It is considered necessary to provide for regulation of admission and determination of fee in professional educational institutions in the State of Karnataka and to provide for reservation of seats to persons belonging to the Scheduled Castes, the Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes in professional educational institutions.

The Hon'ble Supreme Court in its judgement in Islamic Academy of Education and others Vs State of Karnataka, reported in (2003) 6 SCC 697, sought to regulate admissions to professional courses through two committees, one for overseeing admissions and the other for approving the fee structure in professional educational institutions, pending enactment of appropriate law by the Parliament.

The Supreme Court in *P.A. Inamdar and Others Vs State of Maharashtra* reported in (2005) 6 SCC 537 has held that where there is more than one minority or non minority institution or similarly situated institution in the State imparting education in any one discipline then a single common entrance test followed by centralised counseling, or in other words, single window system of admission is necessary in order to achieve the twin objectives of transparency and merit. All institutions of the same or similar type, whether minority or non minority institutions will therefore be required to fill their seats through a single common entrance test followed by centralised counseling.

Further the Apex Court in the same judgement has held that the State can regulate admission by providing a centralized and single window procedure which will ensure fair and merit based admissions and prevent maladministration. If the admission procedure followed by the private institutions fails to satisfy all or any of the triple tests prescribed by the Court, the admission procedure can be taken over by the State substituting its own procedure. It is also pointed out that minority institutions will lose their minority character if there is more than a "sprinkling" of students from non-minority communities in these institutions. The Apex Court has also clarified that the minority students should be from within the State. Taking this into consideration the Bill provides for sixty six percent of reservation in minority institutions for students from that community within the State.

Whereas the population of the Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes exceeds fifty percent of the total population in the State. The Hon'ble Supreme Court in *Indirasawhany Vs. Union of India* reported in AIR 1993 SC 477 has held that the reservations made for all categories shall not exceed fifty percent. Keeping this in mind the State Government has issued orders providing reservation for the Scheduled Castes, the Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes to the extent of fifty percent under article 15(4) of the Constitution.

Article 15 (5) of the Constitution (as inserted by the Constitution (Ninety-third Amendment) Act, 2005 provided for making any special provision by law by the State Government for advancement of any socially and educationally backward classes of citizen or for the Scheduled Castes or the Scheduled Tribes in relation to admission to education institution including private educational institutions whether aided or unaided, other than minority educational institutions notwithstanding anything contained in article 15 and sub-clause (g) of article 19 of the Constitution.

Based on the above policy it is considered necessary to provide for reservation for the Scheduled Castes, the Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes who are socially and educationally backward to the extent of fifty percent in Government, aided and unaided non-minority professional educational institutions.

Hence the Bill.

[L.A. Bill No. 1 of 2006]

## II

**Amending Act 39 of 2015.-** It is considered necessary to amend the Karnataka Professional Educational Institutions (Regulation of Admission and Determination of Fee) Act, 2006, to provide for,-

- (1) a legal frame work which is acceptable by majority of the Professional Educational Institutions and to empower the state Government to enter into consensual agreement with association of non-minority or minority private unaided professional educational institutions; to protect the interest of merit students of the State and the institutions through consensual agreement by providing a quota of Government seats in Private Educational Institutions to be filled by the Common Entrance Test Committee constituted by the State; and to see that no student selected through Common Entrance Test Committee is over charged or the interest of the Karnataka

Student is protected by providing concessions and scholarship while entering into consensual agreement with private educational institutions;

- (2) to save the action taken by the Government in entering in to consensual agreement with the Association of private professional educational institutions and notifications issued and consequential action taken by the State Government in this regard for the Academic year 2015-16;
- (3) guidelines to the Fee Regulatory Committee to fix the fee appropriately at affordable rate as mandated by the Supreme Court, so that viability of situation is maintained and no student is over charged; and
- (4) certain consequential amendments are also made.

Hence, the Bill.

[L.A. Bill No.22 of 2015, File No. Samvyashae 28 Shasana 2015]

[entry 25 of List III of the Seventh Schedule to the Constitution of India.]

### III

**Amending Act 22 of 2017.**-It is considered necessary to amend the Karnataka Professional Education (Regulation of Admissions, Determination of fee) Act, 2006, (Karnataka Act 8 of 2006) to provide for,-

- (a) conduct of Common Entrance Test by the State Government;
- (b) in case the Government of India or its agency conducts Common Entrance Test, ranking of the candidates shall be obtained from such Common Entrance Test;
- (c) fill up of seats through Common Entrance Test Committee or Government of India or its agency in deemed Universities also;
- (d) if Private Educational Institutions agrees to consensual agreement with the Government then, the conduct of Common Entrance Test shall be in accordance with such agreement;
- (e) framing of rules by the State Government for conduct centralised counseling by it or by such agency, in such manner as may be prescribed;
- (f) inclusion of private universities in the definition of "Professional Educational Institutions"; and
- (g) other consequential amendments also.

Hence the Bill.

[L.A. Bill No.14 of 2017, File No. Samvyashae 15 Shasana 2017]

[entry 25 of List III of the Seventh Schedule to the Constitution of India.]

**Karnataka Act No. 8 of 2006**

(First published in the Karnataka Gazette Extra-ordinary on the twenty fifth day of April, 2006)

**THE KARNATAKA PROFESSIONAL EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS (REGULATION OF ADMISSION AND DETERMINATION OF FEE) ACT, 2006**

(As Amended by Karnataka Act 39 of 2015 and 22 of 2017 )

(Received the assent of the Governor on the twenty fourth day of April, 2006)

An Act to provide for regulation of admission and determination of fee in professional educational institutions in the State of Karnataka and to provide for reservation of seats to persons belonging to the Scheduled Castes, the Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes in the seats in professional educational institutions.

Whereas the Hon'ble Supreme Court in its judgement in Islamic Academy of Education and others Vs State of Karnataka, reported in (2003) 6 SCC 697, sought to regulate admissions to professional courses through two committees, one for overseeing admissions and the other for approving the fee structure in professional educational institutions, pending enactment of appropriate law by the Parliament.

And whereas the Supreme Court in P.A. Inamdar and Others Vs State of Maharashtra reported in (2005) 6 SCC 537 has held that where there is more than one minority or non minority institution or similarly situated institution in the State imparting education in any one discipline then a single common entrance test followed by centralised counseling, or in other words, single window system of admission is necessary in order to achieve the twin objectives of transparency and merit. All institutions of the same or similar type, whether minority or non minority institutions will therefore be required to fill their seats through a single common entrance test followed by centralised counseling.

Further the Apex Court in the same judgement has held that the State can regulate admission by providing a centralized and single window procedure which will ensure fair and merit based admissions and prevent maladministration. If the admission procedure followed by the private institutions fails to satisfy all or any of the triple tests prescribed by the Court, the admission procedure can be taken over by the State substituting its own procedure.

And whereas, in the Constitution (Ninety-third Amendment) Act, 2005, a provision has been made under article 15(5) as follows:-

"(5) Nothing in this article or in sub-clause (g) of clause (1) of article 19 shall prevent the State from making any special provision, by law, for the advancement of any socially and educationally backward classes of citizens or for the Scheduled Castes or the Scheduled Tribes in so far as such special provisions relate to their admission to educational institutions including private educational institutions, whether aided or unaided by the State, other than the minority educational institutions referred to in clause (1) of article 30."

In order to achieve the above object and for the purposes hereinafter appearing it is considered necessary and expedient to provide for the following:

Be it enacted by the Karnataka State Legislature in the fifty-seventh year of the Republic of India, as follows:-

**1. Short title and commencement.-** (1) This Act may be called the Karnataka Professional Educational Institutions (Regulation of Admission and Determination of Fee) Act, 2006.

(2) It shall come into force on such date as the State Government may, by notification, appoint.

1. ಈ ಅಧಿನಿಯಮವು ಅಧಿಸೂಚನೆ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ: ಇಡಿ 26 ಟಿಇಎ 2006(ಭಾಗ-2), ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು, ದಿನಾಂಕ:25.04.2006ರ ಮೂಲಕ ದಿನಾಂಕ: 25.04.2006 ರಿಂದ ಜಾರಿಗೆ ಬಂದಿದೆ. (ಈ ಅಧಿಸೂಚನೆಯನ್ನು ಅಧಿನಿಯಮದ ಕೊನೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ನೋಡಬಹುದು)

2. The Act was kept in to abeyance from 2006-07 to 2013-14 and vide notification no No.ED 162 TEC 2013 at 18.11.2013. was brought in to force (See the text of the notification at the end of the Act).

**2. Definitions.-** (1) In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,-

<sup>1</sup>[(a) "Admission" means admission made to Professional Educational Courses at Admission Centre through Common Entrance Test based on merit.]<sup>1</sup>

1. Substituted by Act 39 of 2015 w.e.f 11.09.2015.

(b) "Admission Centre" means the centre at which selection and allotment of seats to the candidates to various courses in professional institutions are made through the Common Entrance Test based on merit.

(c) "Admission Overseeing Committee" means the committee constituted by the State Government under section 5 for regulating the admissions in private <sup>1</sup>[aided or]<sup>1</sup> unaided professional educational institutions;

1. Inserted by Act 39 of 2015 w.e.f 11.09.2015.

(d) "Aided institution" means a private professional educational institution receiving financial aid or grant-in-aid from the State Government and includes minority and non-minority educational institutions receiving such financial aid or grant;

(e) "Common Entrance Test" means the entrance test conducted for determination of merit of the candidates followed by centralized counseling for the purpose of admission to professional educational courses through a single window procedure;

<sup>1</sup>[(f) "Common Entrance Test Cell or Committee" means the agency of the State Government constituted under section 3 which conducts the Common Entrance Test.]<sup>1</sup>

1. Substituted by Act 39 of 2015 w.e.f 20.04.2017.

<sup>1</sup>[Provided that, in case Government of India or its agency conducts Common Entrance Test for any course the merit determined in such test shall be considered for making admission to such course.]<sup>1</sup>

1. Inserted by Act 22 of 2017 w.e.f 20.04.2017

<sup>1</sup>[(ff) "deemed University institutions" means the institutions of Professional Educational courses established or maintained by deemed Universities located in the State of Karnataka.]<sup>1</sup>

1. Inserted by Act 39 of 2015 w.e.f 11.09.2015.

(g) "Fee Regulatory Committee" means the Committee constituted under section 6 for determination and regulation of fee for admission to private unaided professional educational institutions;

(h) "Government" means the State Government;

<sup>1</sup>[(i) "Government seats" means all the seats in Government colleges, university constituent colleges, such number of the seats in Private Aided Professional Educational Institutions as may be notified by the State Government and such number of the seats in unaided minority and non-minority professional educational institutions and seats in private universities and deemed universities as may be notified by the State Government in accordance with the consensus arrived at between the private professional educational institutions, private universities, deemed universities and the State Government;]<sup>1</sup>

1. Substituted by Act 39 of 2015 w.e.f 11.09.2015.

(j) "General Category Seats" means the seats other than the reserved seats;

<sup>1</sup>[(jj) "Institutional seats" means the seats other than Government seats filled by Private unaided Professional Educational Institutions through common entrance test <sup>2</sup>[XXX]<sup>1</sup>]<sup>2</sup>

<sup>3</sup>[Provided that in case the Government of India or its agency conducts such Common Entrance Test then Centralized Counseling shall be conducted by such agency and in such manner as may be prescribed.]<sup>3</sup>

1. Inserted by Act 39 of 2015 w.e.f 11.09.2015.
2. Omitted by Acts of 22 of 2017 w.e.f. 20.04.2017
3. Inserted by Act 22 of 2017 w.e.f 20.04.2017

(k) "Intake" means and implies the total number of seats sanctioned by the competent authority for admitting students in each course of study in a professional educational institution;

<sup>1</sup>[(kk) "Karnataka Student" means persons who have studied in such educational institutions in the State of Karnataka run or recognized by the Government and for such number of years as may be prescribed.]<sup>1</sup>

1. Inserted by Act 39 of 2015 w.e.f 11.09.2015.

(l) "Minority" means and includes religious and linguistic minority as may be notified by the State Government;

(m) "Minority educational institution" means the education institutions recognized or notified as such by the State Government subject to such conditions as may be prescribed;

(n) "Non-resident Indian" means a candidate born to a parent of Indian origin and residing outside the country and who has passed the qualifying equivalent examination outside India <sup>1</sup>[and includes persons of Indian origin and overseas citizen of India]<sup>1</sup>

1. Inserted by Act 22 of 2017 w.e.f 20.04.2017

(o) "Other Backward Classes" means class or classes of citizens who are socially and educationally backward as may be notified by the State Government;

(p) "Professional Educational Courses" means,-

(I) In Medical and Dental Institutions, the first year of,-

- (i) Bachelor of Medicine and Bachelor of Surgery and
- (ii) Bachelor of Dental Surgery

(II) In the Indian Systems of Medicine and Homoeopathy Institutions, the first year of,-

- (i) Bachelor of Ayurvedic Medicine and Surgery
- (ii) Bachelor of Unani Medicine and Surgery
- (iii) Bachelor of Naturopathy and Yoga and
- (iv) Bachelor of Homoeopathic Medicine and Surgery

(III) In Engineering Institutions, the first year, first semester and in respect of diploma holders, the second year, third semester (in the case of Architecture course first year, first Semester) of both full-time and part-time courses in,-

- (i) Bachelor of Engineering
- (ii) Bachelor of Technology; and
- (iii) Bachelor of Architecture

and includes any other professional educational courses at undergraduate and postgraduate levels as well as super speciality courses as may be notified by the State Government in this behalf;

(q) "Professional Educational Institution" means college or school or an institute by whatever name called imparting professional education or conducting professional educational courses leading to the award of a degree, diploma or a certificate by whatever name called, approved or recognized by the competent statutory body and <sup>1</sup>[affiliated to an university and includes private universities of the State]<sup>1</sup>



## ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಸರ್ಕಾರ

ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ:ಇಡಿ 488 ಟಿಇಸಿ 2024

ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಸಚಿವಾಲಯ  
ಬಹುಮಹಡಿ ಕಟ್ಟಡ  
ಡಾ|| ಬಿ.ಆರ್. ಅಂಬೇಡ್ಕರ್ ವೀದಿ  
ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು, ದಿನಾಂಕ:28-04-2026

### ಅಧಿಸೂಚನೆ

The Karnataka Professional Educational Institutions (Regulation of Admission and Determination of Fee) Act, 2006ರ ಸೆಕ್ಷನ್ 2(1) (p) ಅಡಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ವೃತ್ತಿಪರ ಸ್ನಾತಕ ಮತ್ತು ಸ್ನಾತಕೋತ್ತರ ಕೋರ್ಸುಗಳನ್ನು (Professional Undergraduate and Postgraduate Courses) ಅಧಿಸೂಚಿಸಿದ್ದು, ಅಂತಹ ಕೋರ್ಸುಗಳಲ್ಲಿನ ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ ಸೀಟುಗಳನ್ನು ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಪರೀಕ್ಷಾ ಪ್ರಾಧಿಕಾರ ನಡೆಸುವ ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯ ಪ್ರವೇಶ ಪರೀಕ್ಷೆ (CET), National Testing Agency ನಡೆಸುವ ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯ ಪ್ರವೇಶ ಮತ್ತು ಅರ್ಹತಾ ಪರೀಕ್ಷೆ (NEET) ಹಾಗೂ ಅರ್ಹತಾ ಪರೀಕ್ಷೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಗಳಿಸುವ ಅಂಕಗಳ ಆಧಾರದ ಮೇಲೆ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಪರೀಕ್ಷಾ ಪ್ರಾಧಿಕಾರದ ಮೂಲಕ ಹಂಚಿಕೆ ಮಾಡಲಾಗುತ್ತಿದೆ.

ಈ ಅಧಿನಿಯಮದ ವ್ಯಾಪ್ತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಬರುವ ಕೋರ್ಸುಗಳಿಗೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದಂತೆ ಪ್ರವೇಶಾತಿ ಹಾಗೂ ಶುಲ್ಕ ಪಾವತಿಗೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದಂತೆ ಯಾವುದೇ ದೂರುಗಳು / ಆಕ್ಷೇಪಣೆಗಳಿದ್ದಲ್ಲಿ ಸಂದರ್ಭಾನುಸಾರ ಪ್ರವೇಶ ನಿಯಂತ್ರಣ ಸಮಿತಿ (AOC) ಹಾಗೂ ಶುಲ್ಕ ನಿಯಂತ್ರಣ ಸಮಿತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ (FRC) ದೂರು ದಾಖಲಿಸಲು ಹಾಗೂ ಸಮಿತಿಯು ವಿಚಾರಣೆ ಕೈಗೊಳ್ಳಲು ಅವಕಾಶ ಕಲ್ಪಿಸಲಾಗಿದೆ.

ಮುಂದುವರಿದು, ಈ ಅಧಿನಿಯಮ ಜಾರಿಗೆ ಬಂದ ನಂತರ ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಆದೇಶ ಹಾಗೂ ಅಧಿಸೂಚನೆಯ ಮೂಲಕ ಇನ್ನೂ ಕೆಲವೊಂದು ಕೋರ್ಸುಗಳನ್ನು ವೃತ್ತಿಪರ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಕೋರ್ಸುಗಳೆಂದು ಗುರ್ತಿಸಿ, ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಪರೀಕ್ಷಾ ಪ್ರಾಧಿಕಾರವು ಆಯ್ಕೆ ಪ್ರಕ್ರಿಯೆ ಮೂಲಕ ಸೀಟು ಹಂಚಿಕೆ ಮಾಡಲಾಗುತ್ತಿದೆ. ಆದರೆ ಈ ಕೋರ್ಸುಗಳನ್ನು 2006 ರ ಅಧಿನಿಯಮದ ಸೆಕ್ಷನ್ 2(1)(p) ಅಡಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಅಧಿಸೂಚಿಸಿರುವುದಿಲ್ಲ.

ಮೇಲ್ಕಂಡ 2006 ರ ಅಧಿನಿಯಮ ಜಾರಿಗೆ ಬಂದ ನಂತರ ಅಧಿನಿಯಮದ ಸೆಕ್ಷನ್ 2(1)(p) ಅಡಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ನಿರ್ದಿಷ್ಟಪಡಿಸಿರುವ ಕೋರ್ಸುಗಳ ಜೊತೆಗೆ, ಕೆಳಕಂಡ ಕೋರ್ಸುಗಳನ್ನು ಸರ್ಕಾರವು ವಿವಿಧ ಅಧಿಸೂಚನೆ ಮತ್ತು ಆದೇಶಗಳ ಮೂಲಕ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಪರೀಕ್ಷಾ ಪ್ರಾಧಿಕಾರದಿಂದ ಸೀಟು ಹಂಚಿಕೆ ಮಾಡಲು ನಿರ್ದೇಶನ ನೀಡಲಾಗಿದೆ.

### Notified as Professional Educational Courses

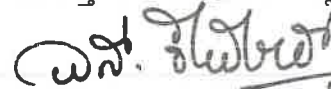
SL No.	Government Order/ Notification No. and Date	Name of the Courses	Year of commencement of seat allotment through KEA
1	Notification-I No.ED 205 TEC 2010, Date: 20.04.2011	1) MBA & MCA	2011-12
2	Notification-II No.ED 205 TEC 2010 Date: 20.04.2011	2) M.E & M.Tech	2011-12
3	G.O No. HFW 88 PTD 2012 Date:30.03.2012	3) B.Pharma & Pharma D	2012-13

4	Additional Chief Secretary & Development Commissioner Note No:ACS:DCD:D:156:2013 Date:16.02.2013	4) all Farm Science Courses for UG degree 5) BVSc and AH	2013-14
5	Notification no.HFW 375 RGU 2013 Date:20.12.2013	6) Postgraduate Medical and Dental Degree and Diploma Courses (PG-NEET)	2014-15
6	G.O. No. HFW 300 PTD 2017 Date: 21.10.2017	7) Postgraduate AYUSH (PG AYUSH)	2017-18
7	G.O. No. HFW 72 PTD 2018 Date:20.04.2018	8) M.Pharma & Pharma D (Post Baccalaureate)	2018-19
8	G.O. No. HFW 14 RGU 2018 Date: 26.03.2018	9) B.Sc. Nursing 10) Bachelor of Physiotherapy 11) BPO Courses 12) Master of Physiotherapy 13) M.Sc. Nursing 14) B.Sc Allied Health Sciences 15) PB.B.Sc (Nursing) and Allied Health Science 17) M.Sc (AHS)	2018-19

ಮೇಲ್ಕಂಡ ಕೋರ್ಸುಗಳನ್ನು ಅವುಗಳ ಮುಂದೆ ತೋರಿಸಿರುವ ಶೈಕ್ಷಣಿಕ ಸಾಲಿನಿಂದ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಪರಿಷ್ಕರಣಾ ಪ್ರಾಧಿಕಾರದಿಂದ ಅರ್ಹತಾ ಪರೀಕ್ಷೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಗಳಿಸಿದ ಅಂಕಗಳ ಆಧಾರದ ಮೇಲೆ ಸೀಟು ಹಂಚಿಕೆ ಮಾಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದು, 2006 ರ ಅಧಿನಿಯಮದ ಕಲಂ 2(1)(p) ಅಡಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಸದರಿ ಕೋರ್ಸುಗಳನ್ನು ಸೇರ್ಪಡೆಯಾಗಿರುವುದಿಲ್ಲ.

ಆದ್ದರಿಂದ, ಮೇಲ್ಕಂಡ ಕೋರ್ಸುಗಳನ್ನು ಅವುಗಳ ಮುಂದೆ ಸೂಚಿಸಿರುವ ಶೈಕ್ಷಣಿಕ ಸಾಲಿನಿಂದ ಜಾರಿಗೆ ಬರುವಂತೆ ವೃತ್ತಿಪರ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಕೋರ್ಸುಗಳೆಂದು (Professional Education Courses) ಪರಿಗಣಿಸಿ, The Karnataka Professional Educational Institutions (Regulation of Admission and Determination of Fee) Act, 2006 ರ ಕಲಂ 2(1)(p) ಅಡಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಸೇರ್ಪಡೆ ಮಾಡಿ ಆದೇಶಿಸಿದೆ.

ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ರಾಜ್ಯಪಾಲರ ಆಜ್ಞಾನುಸಾರ  
ಮತ್ತು ಅವರ ಹೆಸರಿನಲ್ಲಿ

  
(ಎನ್.ಕುಮಾರ್) 28/04/2026

ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಉಪ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿ

ಉನ್ನತ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಇಲಾಖೆ

(ತ್ಯಾಂತ್ರಿಕ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಮತ್ತು ಯೋಜನೆ)

ಇವರಿಗೆ,

1. ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಅಪರ ಮುಖ್ಯ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿ, ವೈದ್ಯಕೀಯ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಇಲಾಖೆ, ಬಹುಮಹಡಿಗಳ ಕಟ್ಟಡ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು.

2. ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿ, ಪಶುಸಂಗೋಪನೆ ಮತ್ತು ಮೀನುಗಾರಿಕೆ ಇಲಾಖೆ, ವಿಕಾಸ ಸೌಧ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು
3. ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರು, ಶುಲ್ಕ ನಿಯಂತ್ರಣ ಸಮಿತಿ, ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಪರೀಕ್ಷಾ ಪ್ರಾಧಿಕಾರದ ಕಟ್ಟಡ, ಮಲ್ಲೇಶ್ವರಂ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು.
4. ಆಯುಕ್ತರು, ಕಾಲೇಜು ಮತ್ತು ತಾಂತ್ರಿಕ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಇಲಾಖೆ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು.
5. ನಿರ್ದೇಶಕರು, ತಾಂತ್ರಿಕ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಇಲಾಖೆ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು
6. ಕುಲಸಚಿವರು, ವಿಶ್ವೇಶ್ವರಯ್ಯ ತಾಂತ್ರಿಕ ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾಲಯ, ಬೆಳಗಾವಿ.
7. ಕಾರ್ಯನಿರ್ವಾಹಕ ನಿರ್ದೇಶಕರು, ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಪರೀಕ್ಷಾ ಪ್ರಾಧಿಕಾರ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು.
8. ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಖಾಸಗಿ ಅನುದಾನಿತ/ಅನುದಾನರಹಿತ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳು (ಕುಲಸಚಿವರು, ವಿಶ್ವೇಶ್ವರಯ್ಯ ತಾಂತ್ರಿಕ ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾಲಯ, ಬೆಳಗಾವಿ ಇವರ ಮುಖಾಂತರ)

### ಪ್ರತಿ:

1. ಮಾನ್ಯ ಉನ್ನತ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಸಚಿವರ ಆಪ್ತ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿ, ವಿಕಾಸಸೌಧ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು.
2. ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿರವರ ಆಪ್ತ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿ, ಉನ್ನತ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಇಲಾಖೆ, ಬಹುಮಹಡಿ ಕಟ್ಟಡ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು.
3. ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಉಪ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿ (ತಾಂತ್ರಿಕ & ಯೋಜನೆ) / (ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾಲಯ) / (ಕಾಲೇಜು ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ), ಉನ್ನತ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಇಲಾಖೆ, ಬಹುಮಹಡಿಗಳ ಕಟ್ಟಡ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು.
4. ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಅಧೀನ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಗಳು, ಉನ್ನತ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಇಲಾಖೆ (ತಾಂತ್ರಿಕ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ /ಯೋಜನೆ/ ಕಾಲೇಜು ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ / ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾಲಯ-1 & ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾಲಯ-2) ಬಹುಮಹಡಿಗಳ ಕಟ್ಟಡ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು.
5. ಹೆಚ್ಚುವರಿ ಪ್ರತಿ / ಶಾಖಾ ರಕ್ಷಾ ಕಡತ.